

## CITY OF BOSTON IN CITY COUNCIL

## RESOLUTION OPPOSING STATE RECEIVERSHIP FOR BOSTON PUBLIC SCHOOLS

WHEREAS, In February of 2020, the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education (DESE)

published a review, finding that 34 of BPS schools had student populations which scored in the lowest 10% on the state's MCAS standardized exam, which triggered fears that the

state would push for receivership of Boston Public Schools; and

WHEREAS, In response to this report, Superintendent Brenda Cassellius worked to develop a

Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with DESE, outlining several goals and initiatives, including bolstering support for students with special needs, establishing equitable access to student supports, and focusing on academic improvements in the

lowest-performing schools; and

**WHEREAS**, Since the MOU was agreed to, many of these improvements have been underway,

including the hiring of dozens of family liaisons, social workers, and other funding for

wraparound support; and

WHEREAS, While many improvements still need to be done, some members of the Board of

Elementary and Secondary Education (BESE) have once again called for state

receivership of Boston Public Schools; and

WHEREAS, The Department of Elementary and Secondary Education launched a second audit of

Boston Public Schools in March, 2022, a year before the scheduled end date of the MOU;

and

WHEREAS, This second audit is a legally required step before DESE can put the Boston Public

Schools in receivership; and

WHEREAS, State receivership of Boston Public Schools has received opposition from parents,

students and educators, and other local leaders; and

WHEREAS, While the Commonwealth has taken receivership of school districts in the past, the

districts which are still under receivership—Southbridge for the past five years, Holyoke for the past six years, and Lawrence for the past nine years—remain among the 10

lowest-ranked school districts in the state; and

WHEREAS, According to DESE-published data, BPS has outperformed all the DESE-controlled

receivership districts in both ELA and Math, at both the elementary and secondary levels,

both before and during the pandemic; and

WHEREAS,	75% Boston Public Schools students are Black and Latinx and we need local school authorities who best understand the community to lead and fight for the academic achievement of BPS students; <i>and</i>
WHEREAS,	While the Boston Public Schools has an Office of Equity working to implement a racial equity protocol across the district, the Commonwealth of Massachusetts Department of Education does not use a racial equity protocol; <i>and</i>
WHEREAS,	Research by Domingo Morel points to the fact that 'predominantly Black school districts are more likely to be taken over, and that cities with a greater share of Black city council members are more likely to face takeovers;' <i>and</i>
WHEREAS,	Previous state interventions in Boston Public Schools, with the Dever and the Holland, have similarly produced few improvements, unchecked suspensions, and a 50% decrease in Latinx teachers and the destruction of the dual language program at the Dever; <i>and</i>
WHEREAS,	BPS in each of the last four years has had higher teacher retention rates than the receivership districts under direct DESE control, with rates particularly low in Holyoke and Southbridge, raising serious questions about the disruptive impact of state intervention on both the workforce and students; <i>and</i>
WHEREAS,	In March of 2022, local elected officials, including Mayor Wu, in addition to educators, family members, and school communities have spoken out against receivership directly to the Board of Elementary and Secondary Education; <i>and</i>
WHEREAS,	The Boston City Council Committee on Education held a hearing on April 11, 2022 on an Order for a hearing on State Receivership of Boston Public Schools, during which advocates, educators, students, family members, and community members spoke out against the threat of a state takeover of Boston Public Schools; <i>and</i>
WHEREAS,	NO district or school put in receivership in Massachusetts has ever been released by the state; and
WHEREAS,	The City of Boston has declared racism a public health crisis and we have an obligation as a City to ensure that students in Boston Public Schools are on a pathway to academic success and that the people closest to the issue are able to determine what success looks

## **RESOLVED**:

That the Boston City Council voices its strong opposition to the possibility of state receivership or other forms of state control of Boston Public Schools; *AND BE IT FURTHER* 

like; NOW THEREFORE BE IT

## **RESOLVED**:

That the Boston City Council continues to work with Boston Public Schools, the Boston School Committee, the Boston Teachers Union, the Boston Education Justice Alliance, and others to ensure that our students are on a pathway to success.